

Oskar Elek ^(1,2,3) Pablo Bauszat ^(4,1) Tobias Ritschel ^(1,2,3)

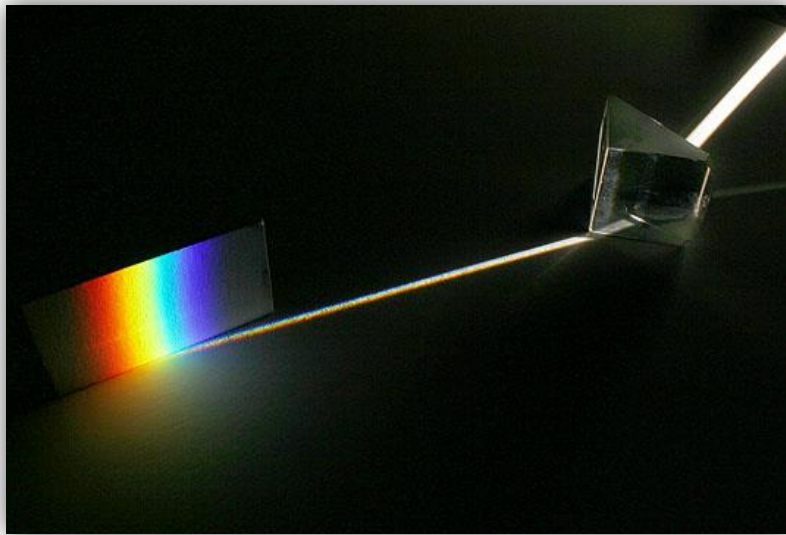
Marcus Magnor ⁽⁴⁾ Hans-Peter Seidel ^(1,2,3)



Technische
Universität
Braunschweig

PROGRESSIVE SPECTRAL RAY DIFFERENTIALS

VMV 2014, October 8-10, Darmstadt, Germany



Credit: Andrew Davidhazy



Credit: Peter Kutz

DISPERSION

Oskar Elek: Progressive Spectral Ray Differentials

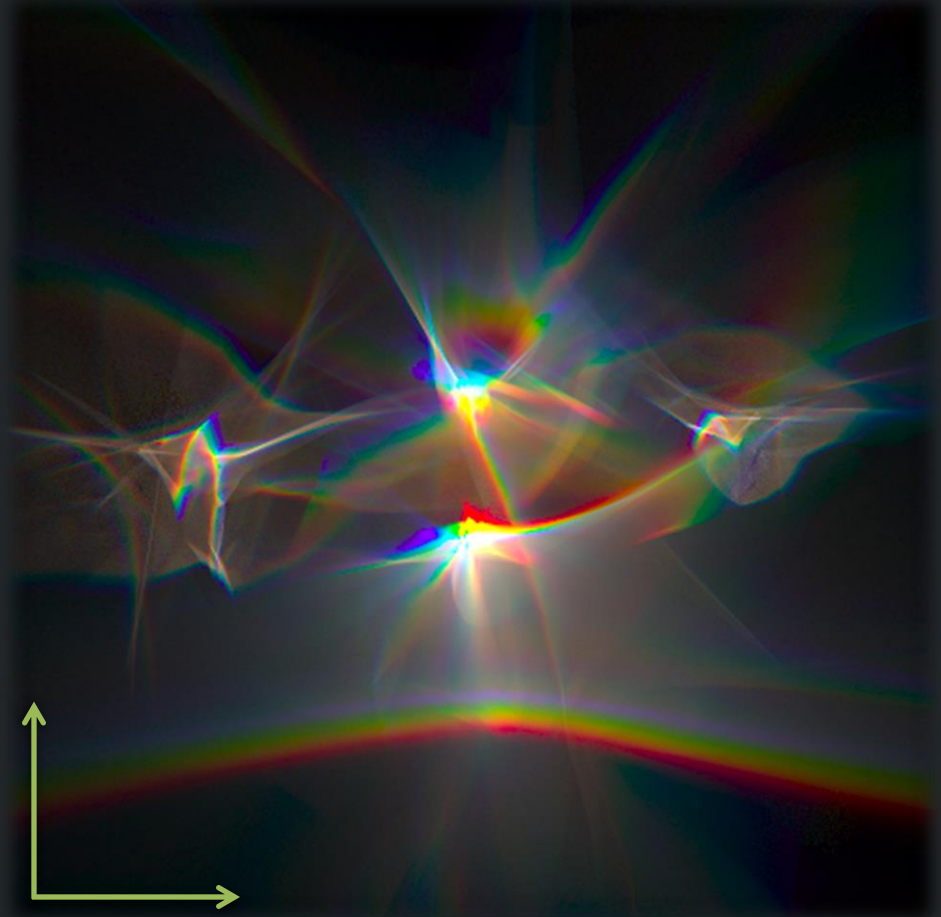
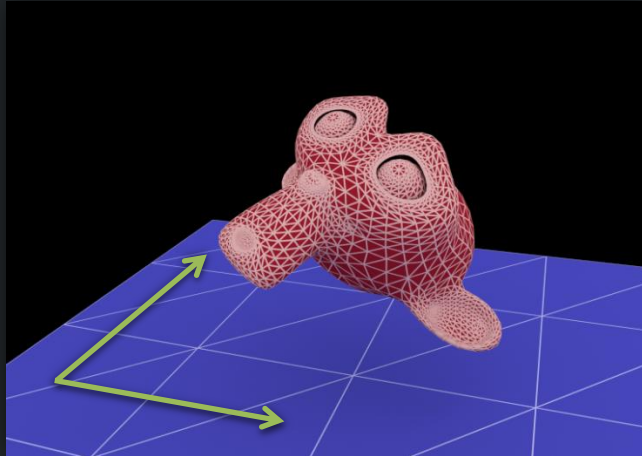


Credit: Bad Mobile Phone Camera ™



DISPERSION

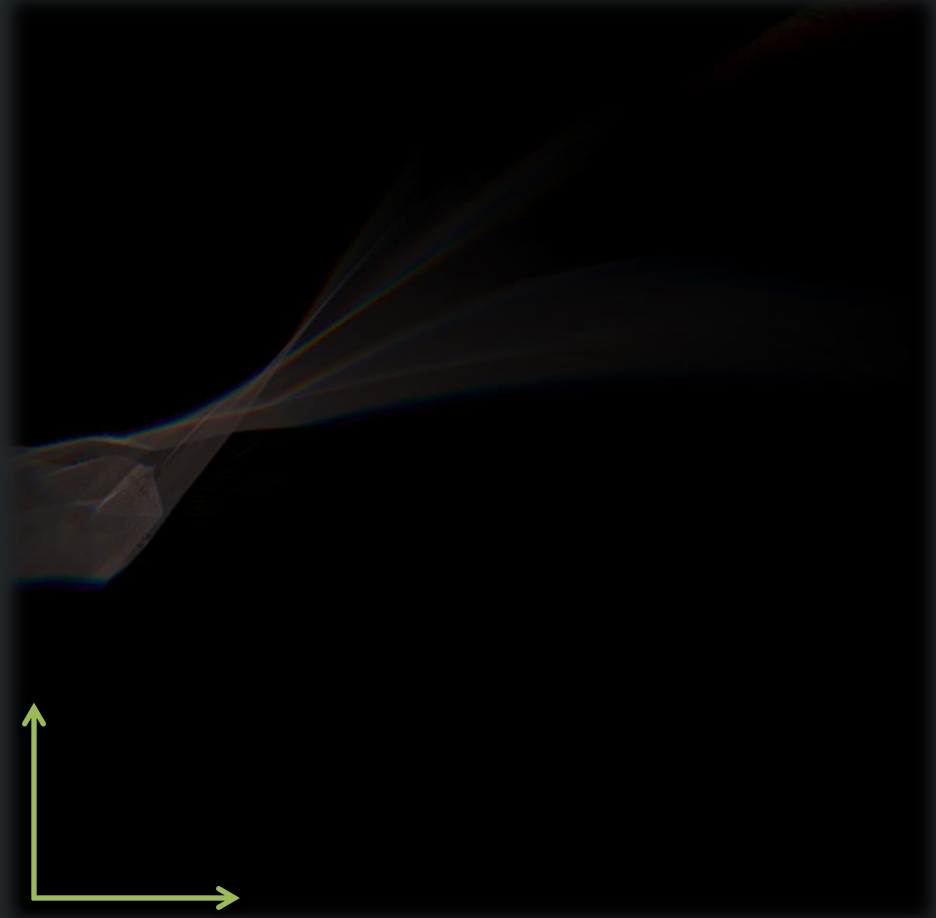
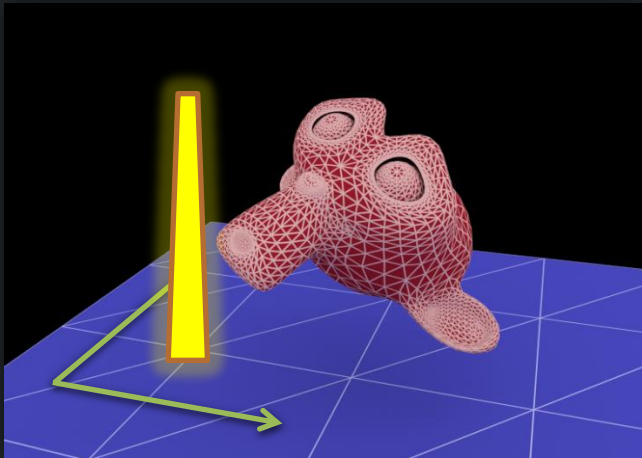
Oskar Elek: Progressive Spectral Ray Differentials



RENDERING DISPERSION

Oskar Elek: Progressive Spectral Ray Differentials

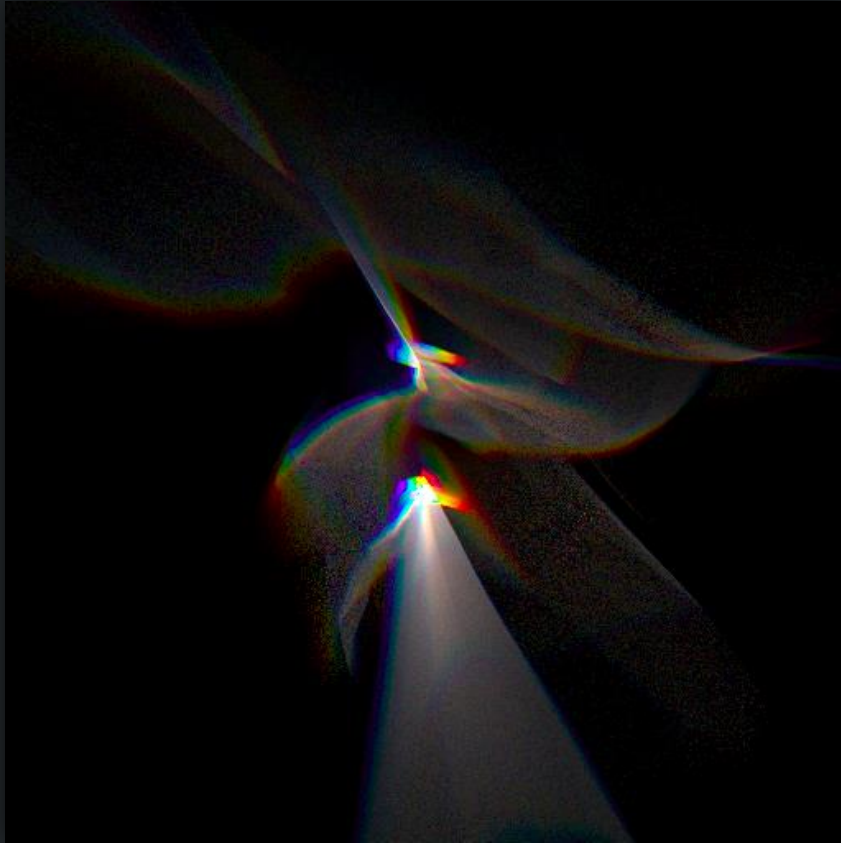
Download "Caustic – Spectral Differentials" from tinyurl.com/SpectralRayDifferentials if video is missing



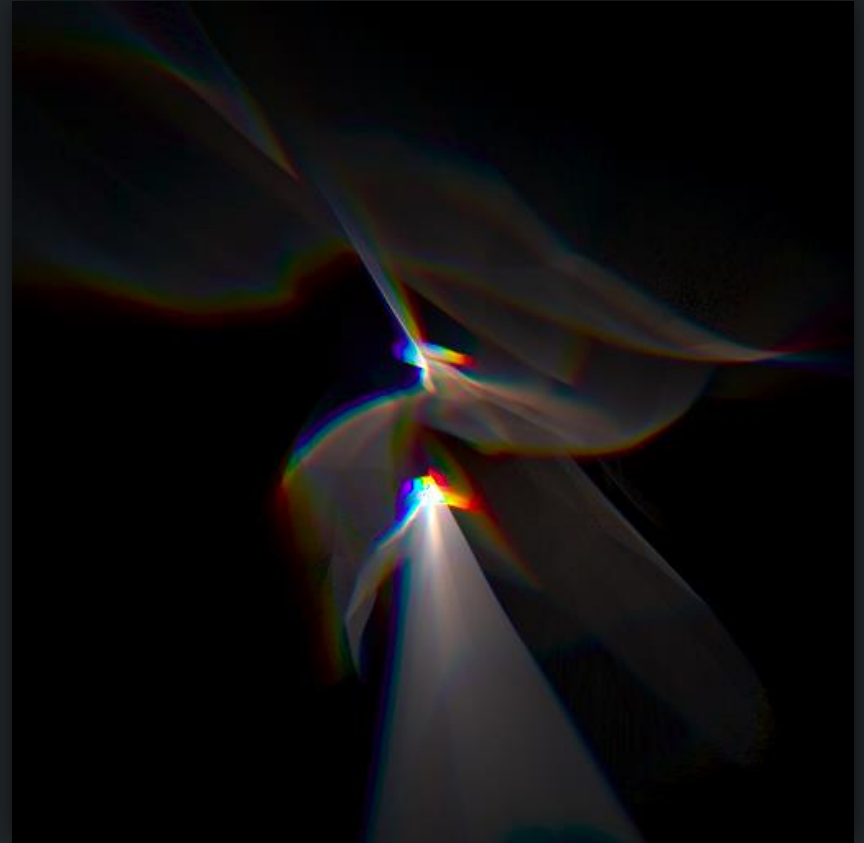
RENDERING DISPERSION

Oskar Elek: Progressive Spectral Ray Differentials

Reference



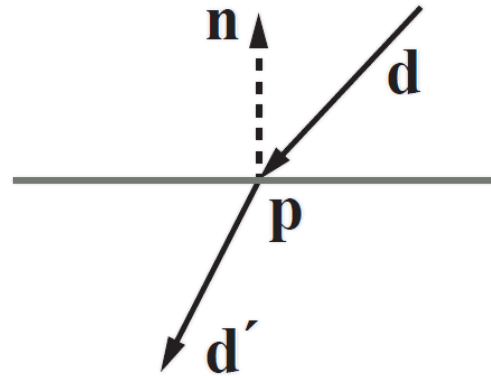
Progressive Spectral Ray Differentials



RENDERING DISPERSION

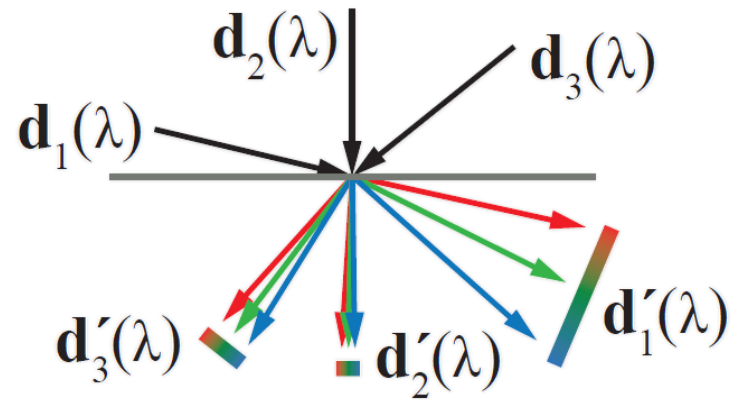
Oskar Elek: Progressive Spectral Ray Differentials

$$\frac{\sin \theta_1}{\sin \theta_2} = \frac{n_2}{n_1}$$



SNELL'S LAW

$$\frac{\sin \theta_1}{\sin \theta_2} = \frac{n_2}{n_1}$$



SNELL'S LAW

- Introduced by [Elek et al. @ EGSR 2014]
- Extend **classic ray differentials** – [Igehy 1999], [Suykens & Willems 2001], [Schjoth et al. 2007]...

SPECTRAL RAY DIFFERENTIALS

- Introduced by [Elek et al. @ EGSR 2014]
- Extend **classic ray differentials** – [Igehy 1999], [Suykens & Willems 2001], [Schjoth et al. 2007]...

$$\mathbf{R}(\lambda) = (\mathbf{p}, \mathbf{d})$$

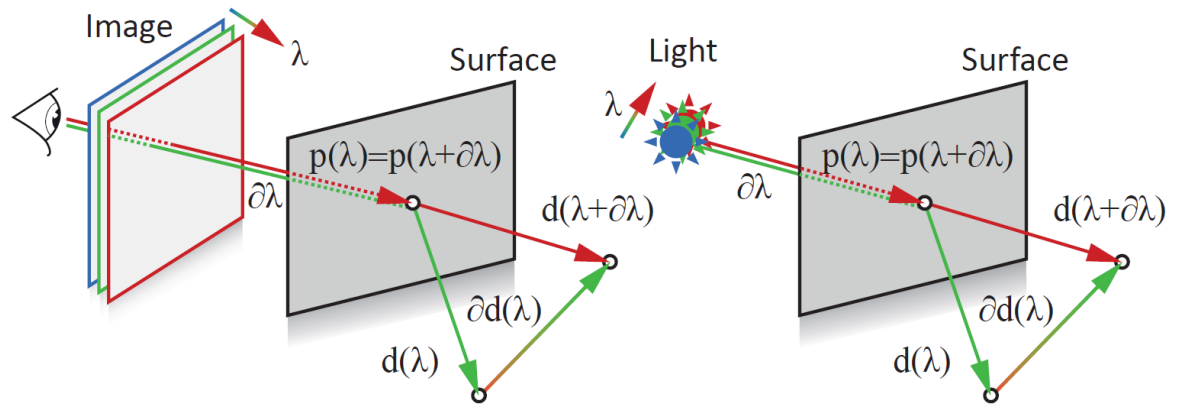
$$\text{SRD: } \left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{p}}{\partial \lambda}, \frac{\partial \mathbf{d}}{\partial \lambda} \right)$$

SPECTRAL RAY DIFFERENTIALS

- Introduced by [Elek et al. @ EGSR 2014]
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SPECTRAL RAY DIFFERENTIALS

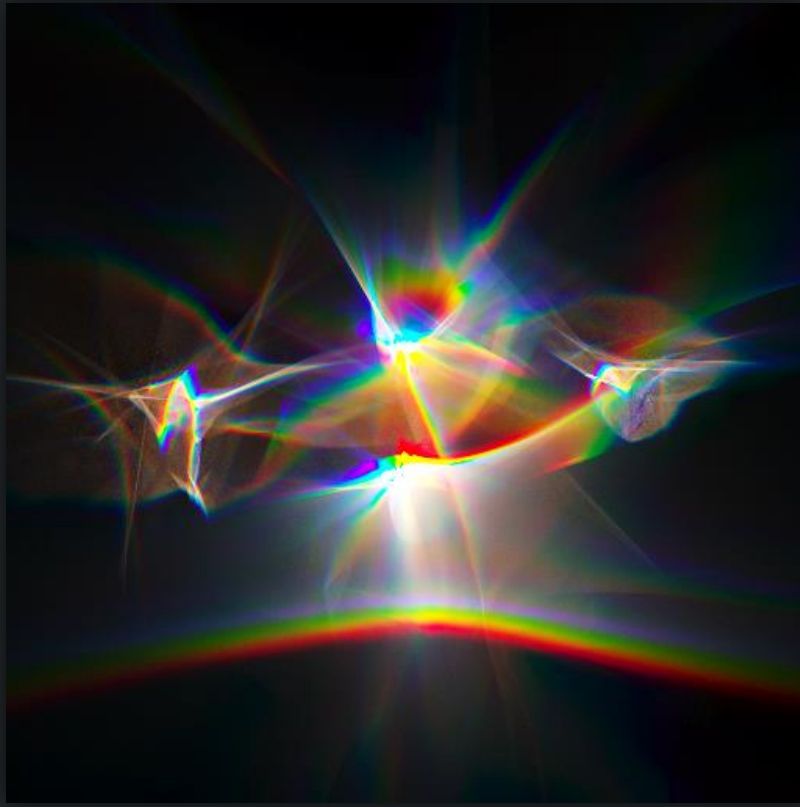
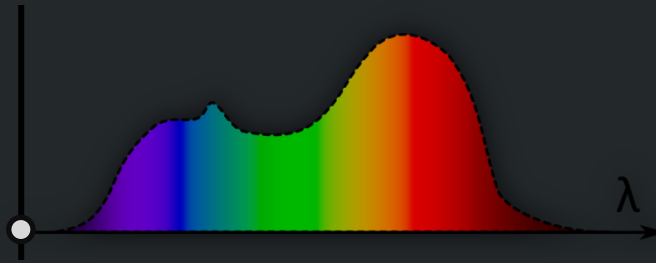
- Introduced by [Elek et al. @ EGSR 2014]
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$$\mathbf{R}(\lambda) = (\mathbf{p}, \mathbf{d})$$

$$\text{SRD: } \left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{p}}{\partial \lambda}, \frac{\partial \mathbf{d}}{\partial \lambda} \right)$$

```
vec3 dn = normalDifferential(dp);
float theta = dot(d, n);
float omega = sqrt(1 - sqr(eta) + sqr(eta) * sqr(theta));
float mu = eta * theta + omega;
float deta = etaDifferential(eta);
float dt = dot(d, dn) + dot(d, dn);
float dO = (-eta * deta + eta * deta * sqr(theta) + sqr(eta) * theta * dt) / omega;
float dmu = deta * theta + eta * dt + dO;
return deta * d + eta * dd - dmu * n - mu * dn;
```

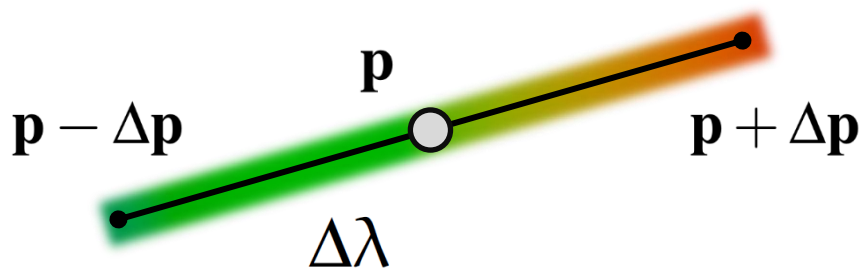
SPECTRAL RAY DIFFERENTIALS



SPECTRAL RAY DIFFERENTIALS

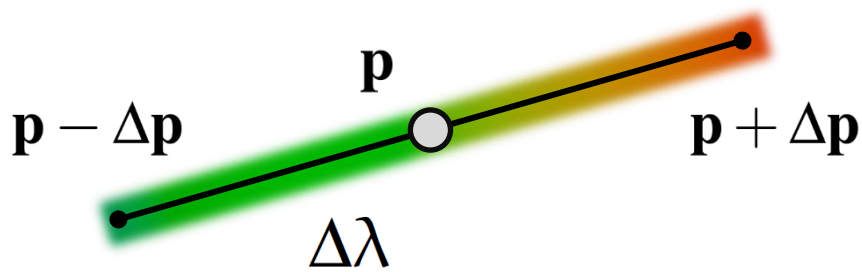
Oskar Elek: Progressive Spectral Ray Differentials

$$\mathbf{R}(\lambda + \Delta\lambda) - \mathbf{R}(\lambda) \approx \Delta\lambda \frac{\partial \mathbf{R}(\lambda)}{\partial \lambda}$$



APPLICATION OF SRD

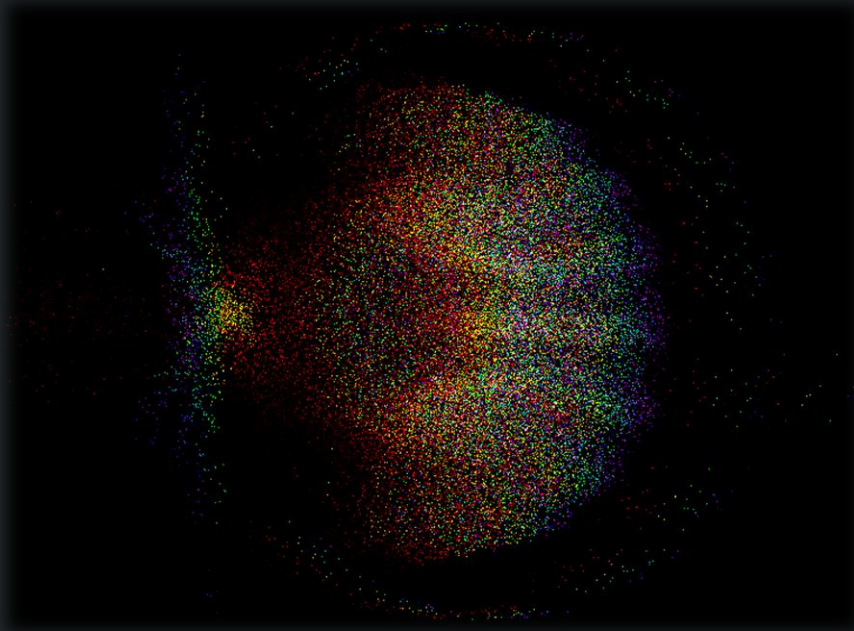
$$\mathbf{R}(\lambda + \Delta\lambda) - \mathbf{R}(\lambda) \approx \Delta\lambda \frac{\partial \mathbf{R}(\lambda)}{\partial \lambda}$$



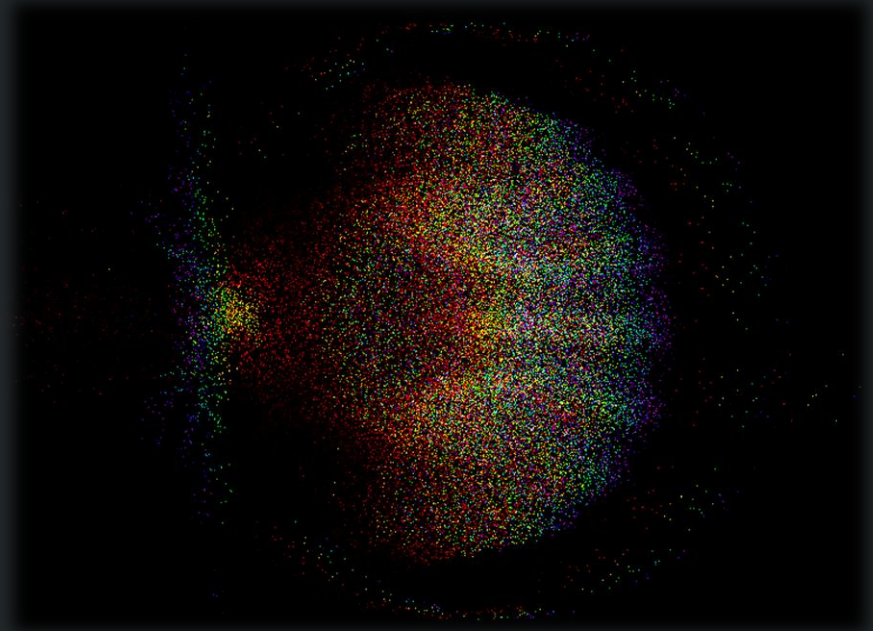
APPLICATION OF SRD

Download "Basic MC convergence (pass)" and "(accumulated)" from tinyurl.com/SpectralRayDifferentials if videos are missing

i^{th} pass



Accumulated



0 ● —————> 500
#passes

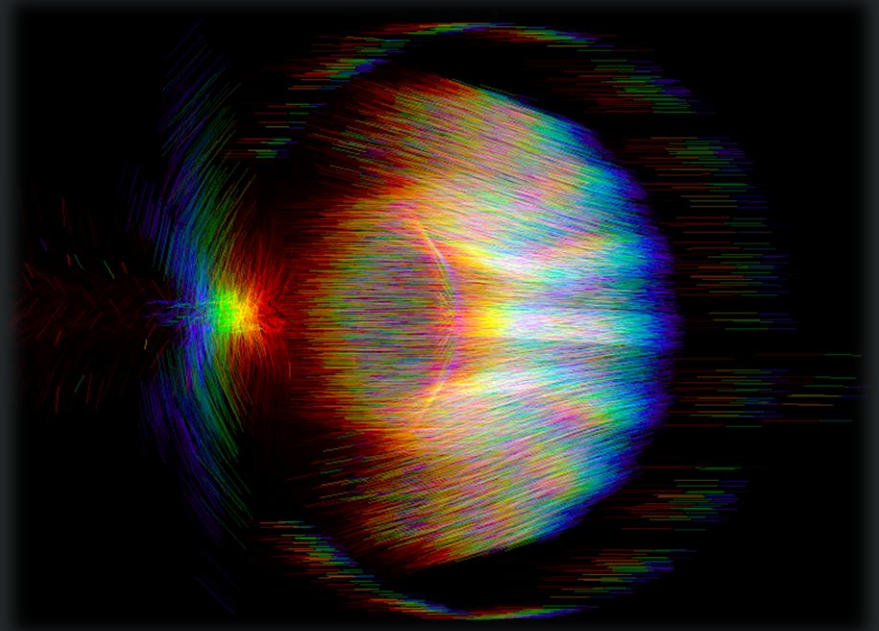
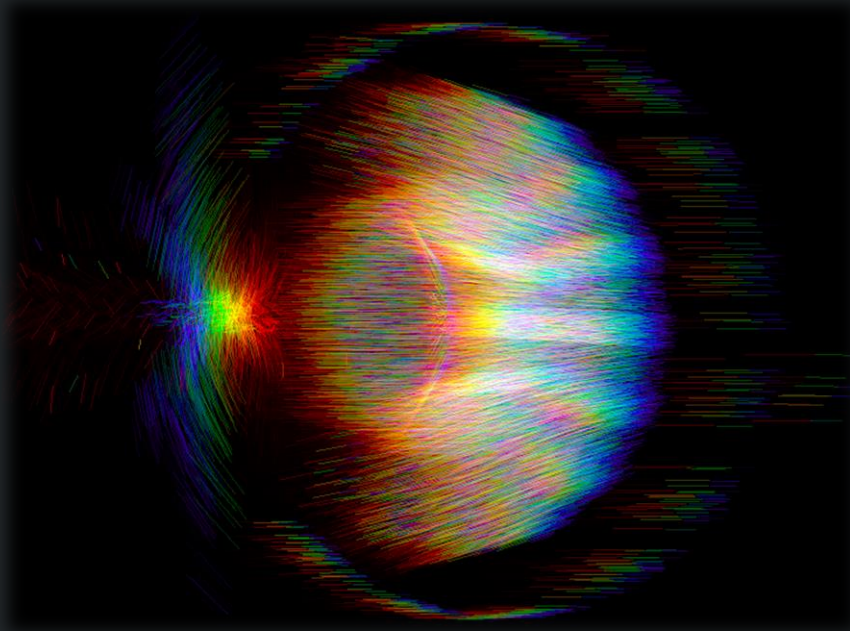
PROGRESSIVENESS IN MC

Oskar Elek: Progressive Spectral Ray Differentials

Download "SRD convergence (pass)" and "(accumulated)" from tinyurl.com/SpectralRayDifferentials if videos are missing

i^{th} pass

Accumulated

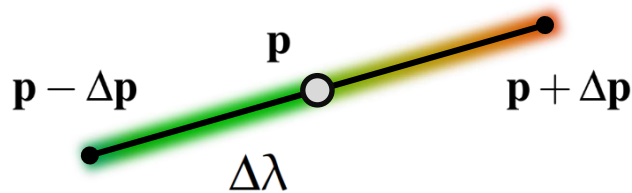


0 ● —————> 500
#passes

BASIC SRD

Oskar Elek: Progressive Spectral Ray Differentials

$$\mathbf{R}(\lambda + \Delta\lambda) - \mathbf{R}(\lambda) \approx \Delta\lambda \frac{\partial \mathbf{R}(\lambda)}{\partial \lambda} \quad \alpha \in [0, 1]$$



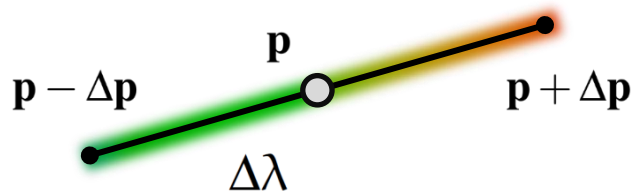
$$\frac{\Delta\lambda_{i+1}}{\Delta\lambda_i} = \frac{\text{Var}[\epsilon_i]}{\text{Var}[\epsilon_{i+1}]} = \frac{i + \alpha}{i + 1}$$

- Probabilistic framework developed by [Knaus & Zwicker 2011] and [Jarosz et al. 2011]

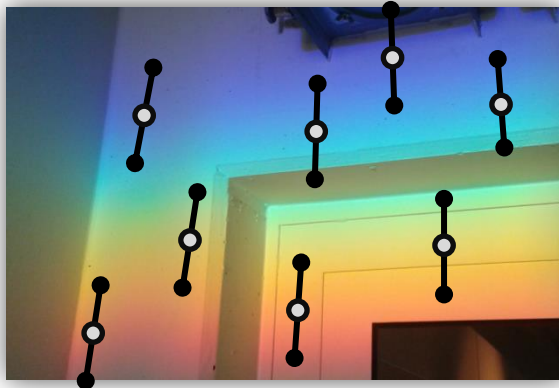
PROGRESSIVE SRD

$$\mathbf{R}(\lambda + \Delta\lambda) - \mathbf{R}(\lambda) \approx \Delta\lambda \frac{\partial \mathbf{R}(\lambda)}{\partial \lambda}$$

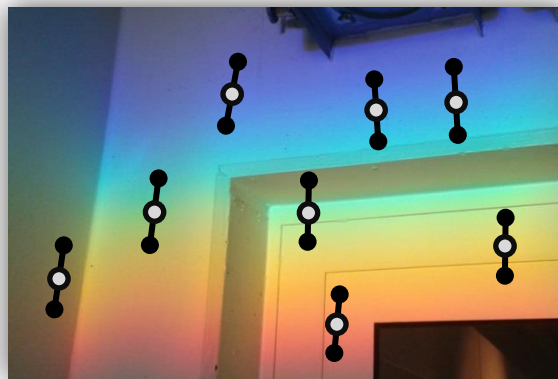
$$\alpha \in [0, 1]$$



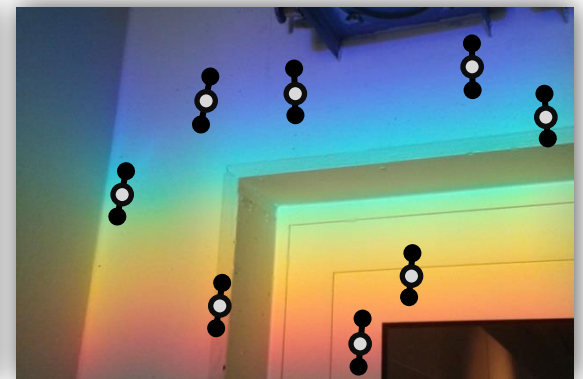
$$\frac{\Delta\lambda_{i+1}}{\Delta\lambda_i} = \frac{\text{Var}[\epsilon_i]}{\text{Var}[\epsilon_{i+1}]} = \frac{i + \alpha}{i + 1}$$



Pass i_1



Pass i_2

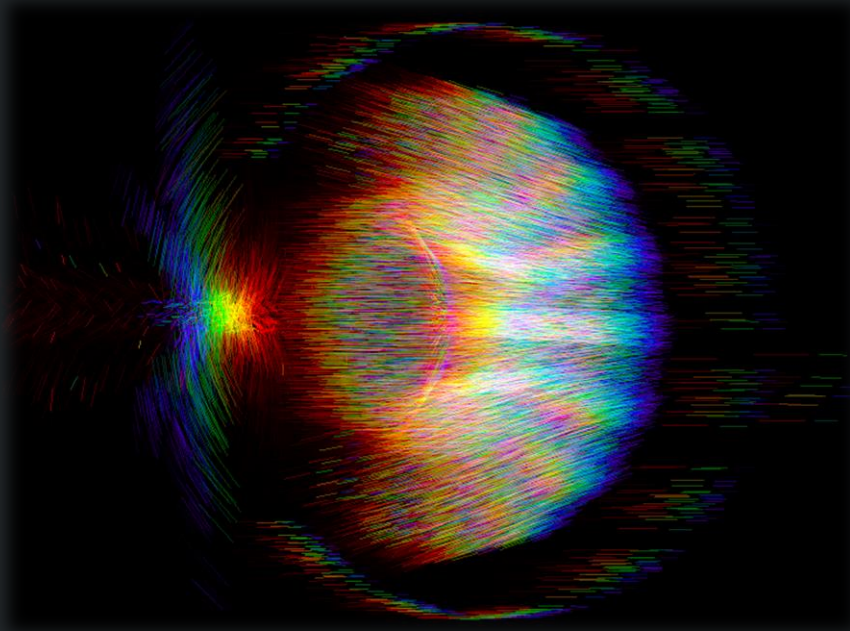


Pass i_3

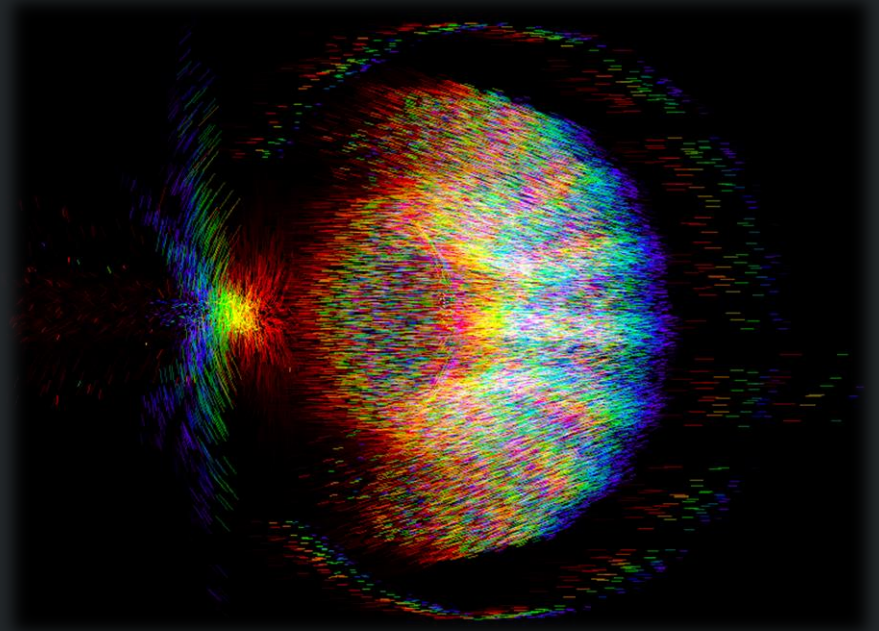
PROGRESSIVE SRD

Download "PSRD convergence (pass)" and "(accumulated)" from tinyurl.com/SpectralRayDifferentials if videos are missing

i^{th} pass



Accumulated

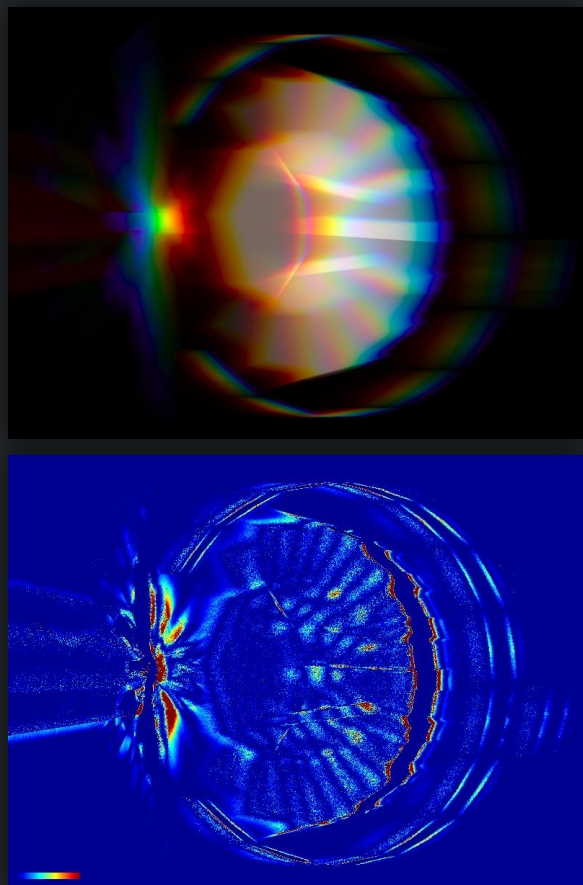


0 ● —————> 500
#passes

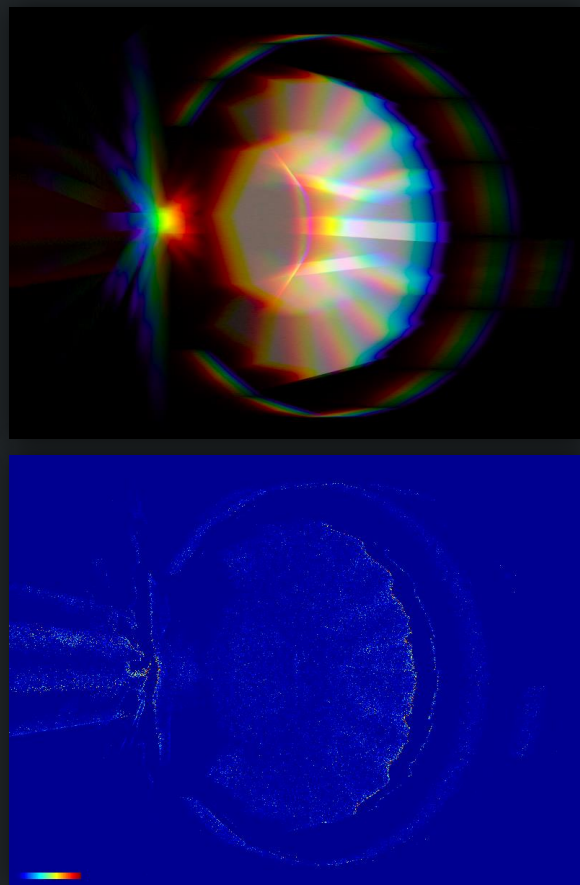
PROGRESSIVE SRD

Oskar Elek: Progressive Spectral Ray Differentials

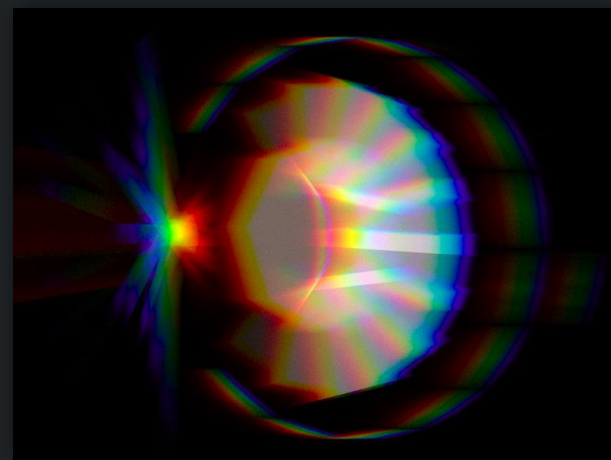
SRD (2k passes)



PSRD (2k passes)

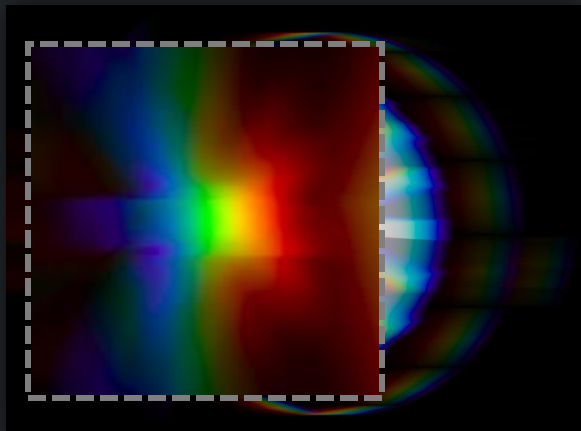


Reference (20k passes)

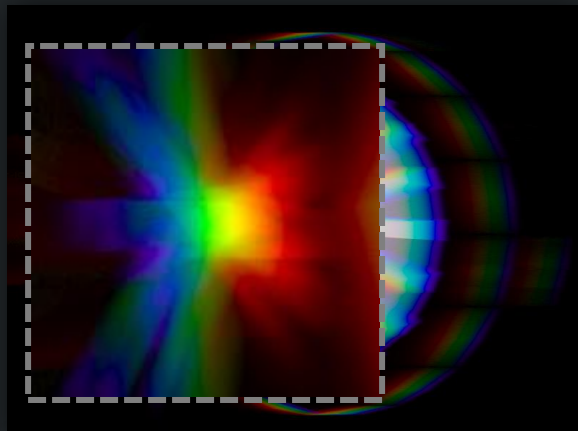


SRD VERSUS PSRD

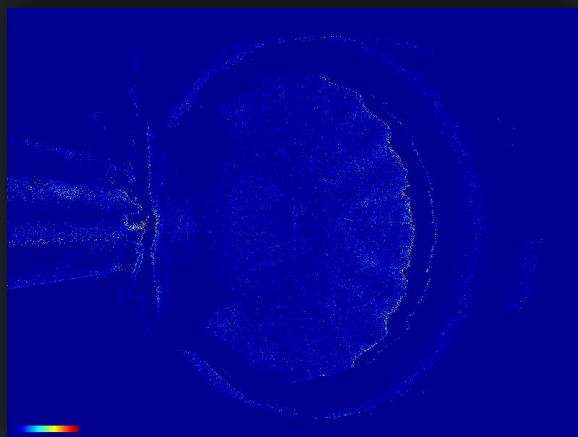
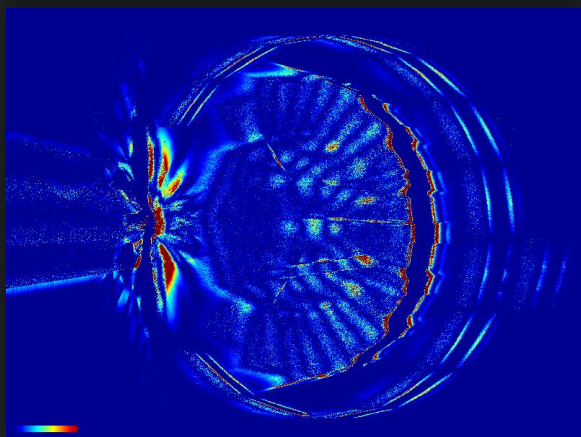
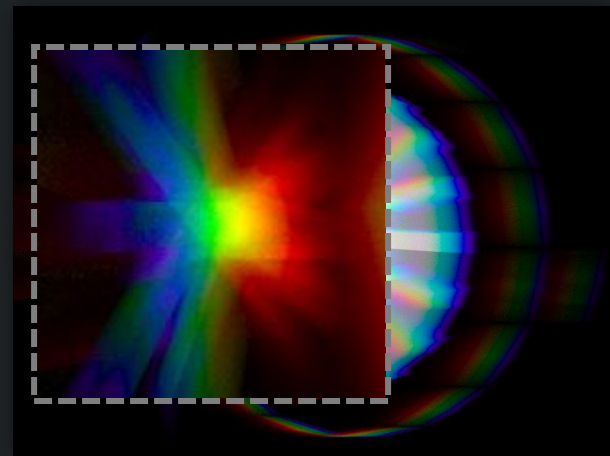
SRD (2k passes)



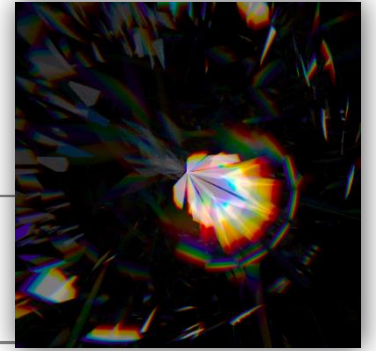
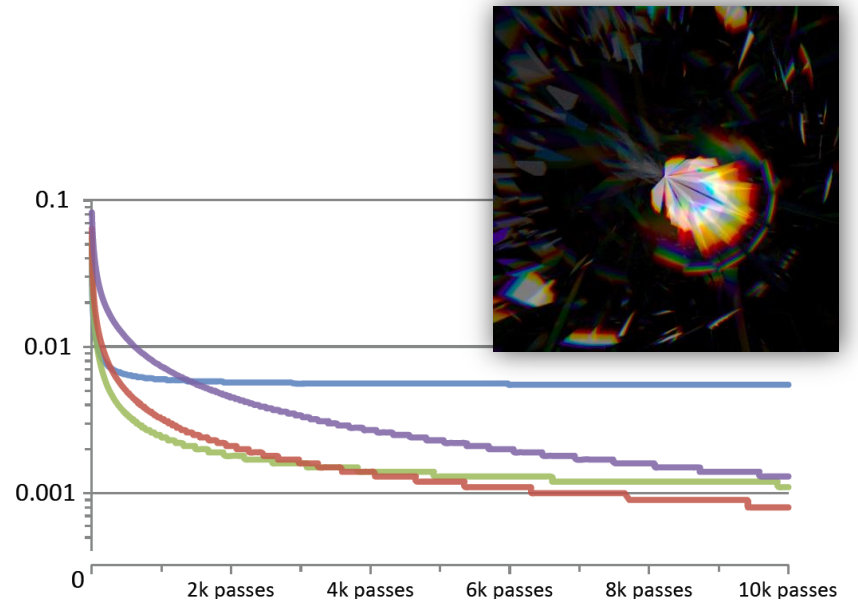
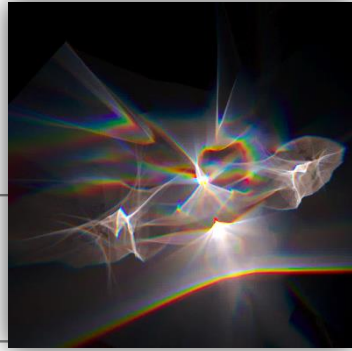
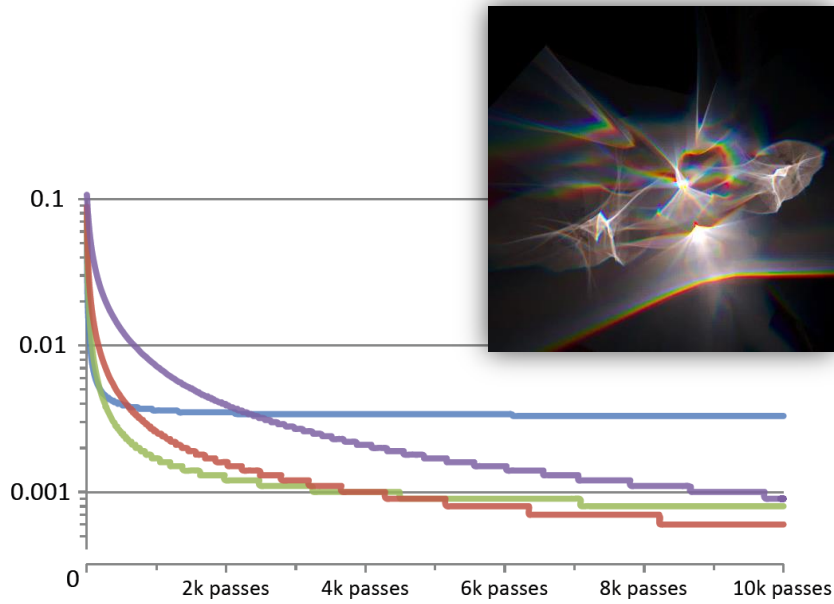
PSRD (2k passes)



Reference (20k passes)



SRD VERSUS PSRD



— SRD — PSRD ($\alpha = 0.8$) — PSRD ($\alpha = 0.9$) — PSRD ($\alpha = 0.95$)

CONVERGENCE

PROGRESSIVE SPECTRAL RAY DIFFERENTIALS

Oskar Elek ^(1,2,3) Tobias Ritschel ^(1,2,3) Pablo Bauszat ⁽⁴⁾

Marcus Magnor ⁽⁴⁾ Hans-Peter Seidel ^(1,3)



Thanks

- Antti Oulasvirta, Oliver Klehm, Alexander Wilkie, Karol Myszkowski
- Anonymous reviewers

More info

- tinyurl.com/SpectralRayDifferentials

Progressive spectral differentials

1k passes

10k passes

